

for better value buy
a Plymouth

TEL AVIV • JERUSALEM • HAIFA

MONDAY,
JULY 23, 1956

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 120 PRUTA
VOL. XXXII, No. 8561

PRIZES UP TO IL,000

"Soviet Chain" Contest

PALESTINE DISCOUNT BANK

Column One By DAVID COURTNEY

FOREIGN policies don't stand still. They have to be performed, and the performance is a continuous process. They may come back to the same place, as, indeed, they often do; they may go forward to better things, as, indeed, they may; or they may go backward to worse things, as, indeed, they may. A nation's foreign policy must get somewhere.

THEY tell me now that America's foreign policy is on its way to Baghdad. If that is true — and there has been nothing to confirm the implications of the decision of the United States to withhold for the time being financial aid to Egypt for the building of the Aswan Dam — it represents a considerable stride from the State Department's traditional stance.

AMERICAN adherence to the Baghdad Pact, itself a big move forward or backward according to your line of vision, probably would serve to propel Soviet policy faster and farther than Moscow's leaders, according to recent indications, have been contemplating. The Baghdad Pact in its present form, and even taking into account the practical assistance given to it by the United States, has never been to Moscow's liking but has not been regarded by the Soviet as a solid structure capable of standing for long against the pressure of a fermenting Arab world, or Moscow's growing influence in Asia.

IT will be a different matter if America moves into Baghdad with all its diplomatic, strategic and economic goods and chattels. It might indicate, as the Aswan Dam decision probably does, that the United States, if only temporarily, has been angered by Colonel Nasser's "neutrality" and has decided that until the Egyptian leader comes to his (western) senses, he must fend for himself or take the dangerous consequences of American backing. It is felt that those consequences would be dangerous to the present Egyptian regime, not only because of the position to give anything like the same economic aid as America but also because the social effects of leading national development on Russian partnership would cause a serious weakening of the regime's internal prestige.

THIS is speculation, of course. It is a fact, however, that if Colonel Nasser were compelled to back without the prospect of western aid, he would have to supplement such help as he might get from the Soviet Union with the still large and not unimportant Egyptian middle class. Naturally, this moneyed community would become alarmed at the substantial increase of Russian influence upon the Government of the country.

AS matters stand now, without any definite news of America's decision to join the Baghdad Pact, it would seem that the Soviet Union has no intention of overriding economic or industrial aid to Egypt, or of encouraging Colonel Nasser to extend Egyptian dominion over the whole of Arabia. In brief, the Egyptian Government seems to be without assured backing from the Powers either of the East or West. It is a state of affairs that may have had something to do with the current visit of the U.N. Secretary General to these parts, who recently talked with the Soviet leaders about the Middle East, and is thought also to have been encouraged to come here as he did by Mr. Dulles.

THE hopeful assumption may be that Colonel Nasser, less than successful at Brioni, snubbed by Washington and London, and in quite sure of Moscow, may be easier to deal with on the little matter of armistice agreements. The assumption could be easily that Colonel Nasser has been made cross and obstinate by the sharpened policies of the West and the uncertain policy of the Soviet, and therefore less likely, not more, to be conciliatory on regional disputes. We are not sure. The one clear fact is that policies are on the move. The one thing nobody knows is where they are heading.

Jerusalem, July 22.

Polish Premier Admits 'Errors' He Occurred

WARSAW, Sunday (Reuters). — The Polish Premier, Mr. Jozef Cyrankiewicz, today admitted "errors in the course of our constructive work from which we are naturally learning lessons for the future in order to build our country better and at less expense."

Twelve years after the liberation of Poland was a strong and respected country, he added in a speech from the tribune from which he watched the parade which marked the anniversary of the liberation of Poland.

Industrial production is five times what it was before the war, and Poland is today working at an even faster rate, he said.

Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, the Soviet Premier, declared last night that the struggle against the personality cult is being exploited by people who seek to shake the solidarity of the socialist countries under the pretext of national differences.

Attacks on opportunists. He attacked opportunists and wavering elements in socialist countries who sowed their inimical seeds in the press, including that of Poland, he said.

The Russian leader was attending his first public engagement in Warsaw, a state concert in the huge Palace of Culture skyscraper built by the Soviet Union as a gift to the war-ravaged Polish capital.

Marshal Bulganin said that Poland should choose its own way to socialism. They intended that this should happen, but that the United States, in attempts to break up their international solidarity under the pretext of national differences and personalities.

Parade Armed Might. Poland today paraded her armed might before Marshal Bulganin. Warsaw's Stalin Square was packed with countless thousands of people standing there for the mammoth display marking Poland's Liberation Day.

Foreign observers saw in the parade and the display of the reasons why the standard of living is low and the country is encountering difficulties both in industry and agriculture.

Marshal Rokossovski, the Polish Commander in Chief, reviewed the parade from an open Russian touring car. The show lasted over an hour and a half. When it ended, the crowd around the tribune pressed closer to give Marshal Bulganin an ovation in which red flowers were thrown to him.

Single Membership in Zionist Federations. Jerusalem Post Reporter. Membership in the Zionist Federations to be set up abroad will be open to all individuals, it was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Committee for the Structure of Zionist Federations.

The decision followed the resolution to set up national federations taken by the 34th Zionist Congress in April. Some opposition was expressed at that time to permitting membership on an individual basis. Yesterday's decision means that persons who are not members of Zionist organizations or parties may become members in their country's Zionist Federation.

The Committee also decided that members of Zionist organizations and parties are automatically members of the national group. The separate bodies may act independently except in those areas which are under the jurisdiction of the Federation.

It is understood that the Committee has agreed that the Federation's activities will include Jewish education, encouragement of youth movements and tourism to Israel and encouragement of capital investments. The Committee is composed of members of the Zionist General Council.

France Said Agreeing To Truce in Algeria

KARACHI, Sunday (Reuters). — Foreign Minister Hamidul Huq Chowdhury said today that France "to a great extent agrees" that there should be a ceasefire in Algeria and a conference to settle the North African problem.

He was speaking to reporters on his return from the Commonwealth Premier's conference in London and a tour of Europe.

"Algerian aspirations have our full support. We suggested that a ceasefire should be secured, the shooting stop and both sides sit down and discuss the problem. France appreciates this point of view and to a great extent it agrees with it."

Referring to the Anglo-American withdrawal of an offer to help finance the construction of Egypt's Aswan Dam, Mr. Chowdhury said, "I hope Egypt will be able to disentangle herself from the situation. The problem has many facets which I am sure Egypt will be able to handle and give practical shape."

He stated there was "nothing new" in the communiqué issued after last week's conference in Brioni between President Abdul Nasser, Premier Nehru, and President Tito.

The Russian leader was attending his first public engagement in Warsaw, a state concert in the huge Palace of Culture skyscraper built by the Soviet Union as a gift to the war-ravaged Polish capital.

Attacks on opportunists. He attacked opportunists and wavering elements in socialist countries who sowed their inimical seeds in the press, including that of Poland, he said.

The Russian leader was attending his first public engagement in Warsaw, a state concert in the huge Palace of Culture skyscraper built by the Soviet Union as a gift to the war-ravaged Polish capital.

Parade Armed Might. Poland today paraded her armed might before Marshal Bulganin. Warsaw's Stalin Square was packed with countless thousands of people standing there for the mammoth display marking Poland's Liberation Day.

Foreign observers saw in the parade and the display of the reasons why the standard of living is low and the country is encountering difficulties both in industry and agriculture.

Single Membership in Zionist Federations. Jerusalem Post Reporter. Membership in the Zionist Federations to be set up abroad will be open to all individuals, it was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Committee for the Structure of Zionist Federations.

The decision followed the resolution to set up national federations taken by the 34th Zionist Congress in April. Some opposition was expressed at that time to permitting membership on an individual basis. Yesterday's decision means that persons who are not members of Zionist organizations or parties may become members in their country's Zionist Federation.

Communists In France Retain Their Leaders

LE HAVRE, Sunday (Reuters). — M. Maurice Thorez, once a fervent Stalin disciple, emerged unscathed from the campaign against the personalist cult when the French Communists re-elected him as their Secretary-General last night.

The 5,000 delegates at the 14th Party Congress, which ended a four-day session yesterday, also re-elected all 66 members of the Central Committee.

This and M. Thorez's reelection is seen as a victory of the establishment over the small minority of intellectuals who are agitated by a greater freedom of expression.

In Algiers, about 30 insurgents were reported killed in clashes with French security forces during the past 24 hours. Algiers police said that 29 men who had been responsible for 23 attacks on Europeans and Moslems since last February, were arrested. A French soldier was killed and another wounded by shots fired at him in the coastal village of Zeralda, south-west of Algiers. The 30 suspects were arrested.

The Minister-Resident, M. Robert Lacoste, has ordered an increased watch on Algeria's coasts and borders in an attempt to stop arms smuggling to the rebels. At the same time, his programme for reforms to win the loyalty of the Moslems was getting underway.

87 Killed In Indian Quake

BOMBAY, Sunday (Reuters). — Eighty-seven people were killed in an earthquake which shook the area of Kutch last night, Mr. R. U. Farikh, Chief Minister of the adjoining State of Saurashtra, said today.

He said 250 people were injured and 1,000 houses brought crashing down by the series of shocks throughout the western coast area.

Mr. Farikh gave these details after talking on the telephone with the Commissioner of Kutch, a centrally administered area. He said the shock was very severe in Anjar township, about 750 kms. north-west of Bombay.

Shigemitsu Leaving For Moscow Talks

TOKYO, Sunday (Reuters). — Foreign Minister Mamoru Shigemitsu, flies to Moscow on Wednesday for talks which are expected here to produce a Soviet-Japanese peace treaty.

Mr. Shigemitsu will most likely press a territorial claim that Russia has rejected in the past. He is expected to bring back a peace treaty.

They are: Joseph Tilius, of Jerusalem, the driver; Baruch Haim, of Ramat Aviv; Moshe Epstein, of Haifa; Yehuda Hershkovitz, of Jerusalem; Moshe Bergman, of the U.S., now staying at Holon; and Rahel and Ezra Hershkovitz, of Turkey, now staying at Ramat Gan.

The injured were taken to Asaf Harofeh hospital in Sarafed by a passing car.

McAul: Equality For All in Algeria

LILLE, Sunday. — Premier Guy Mollet said today there should be equality among Europeans and Moslems in Algeria.

Speaking at a Socialist meeting near Lille, he said it was not the independence of Algeria which should be attained, but the independence of the populations. "That is what we are going to bring to Algeria."

In Algiers, about 30 insurgents were reported killed in clashes with French security forces during the past 24 hours. Algiers police said that 29 men who had been responsible for 23 attacks on Europeans and Moslems since last February, were arrested. A French soldier was killed and another wounded by shots fired at him in the coastal village of Zeralda, south-west of Algiers. The 30 suspects were arrested.

The Minister-Resident, M. Robert Lacoste, has ordered an increased watch on Algeria's coasts and borders in an attempt to stop arms smuggling to the rebels. At the same time, his programme for reforms to win the loyalty of the Moslems was getting underway.

Hungary Expels Farkas from Party

VIENNA, Sunday (Reuters). — The former Defence Minister, General Mihaly Farkas, has been expelled from the Communist Party by the Party Central Committee, Budapest Radio reported today.

The radio quoted a Central Committee resolution published in the newspaper "Szabad Napsz" which said that Farkas had been expelled for "breaches of socialist legality."

The resolution said a Presidential Council would have to decide whether Gen. Farkas, who was a member of the party's Central Committee, should also be deprived of his rank.

Was 'Strong Man' Gen. Farkas

Gen. Farkas was until recently regarded as one of the three strongest men in the Hungarian Communist Party. In June, 1953, he was dropped from the Politburo, the Party's highest decision-making body, and replaced by Premier Imre Nagy.

After recovering his place in the Committee and Secretariat, he was again "recalled" again in April 1955, though he remained a member of the Central Committee of the party in his adopted name.

He was born in 1904 of poor Jewish parents and was a Social Democrat before joining the Communist Party in 1920. Budapest Radio today quoted a Central Committee resolution as saying that Gen. Farkas had been expelled from the Communist Party without cause and was responsible for an "atmosphere of mistrust."

Gaza Fedayeen Now 'Liberation Army'

The military spokesman in Gaza has announced that the official name of the fedayeen squads and units in the Gaza Strip would henceforth be known as the "Liberation Army of the Old City daily 'Al Jihad' reported yesterday."

Members of this "army" will wear shoulder insignia bearing the "Palestinian flag" to distinguish them from other Egyptian forces.

Hafez Bomb Also Injured Hariri

Major Omar Hariri, an Egyptian intelligence officer in Gaza, was wounded in the same explosion in which Col. Mustafa Hafez was killed, and not in a separate explosion after opening a parcel, as reported by some sources, who said that the Egyptian spokesman in Amman said yesterday, the Middle East News Agency reported.

Major Omar Hariri, an Egyptian intelligence officer in Gaza, was wounded in the same explosion in which Col. Mustafa Hafez was killed, and not in a separate explosion after opening a parcel, as reported by some sources, who said that the Egyptian spokesman in Amman said yesterday, the Middle East News Agency reported.

U.K. Wants 'Best' Deal With Egypt

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuters). — The British Ambassador, Sir Humphrey Trevelyan, stressed Britain's desire to maintain the best possible relations with Egypt during talks this week-end with Foreign Minister Mahmoud Fawzi, a British Embassy spokesman said today.

The Ambassador reviewed Anglo-Egyptian relations in the light of the Anglo-American decision to withdraw the offer of financial aid for the Aswan Dam. He stressed that Britain's withdrawal was motivated by purely economic reasons, the spokesman said, and did not mean that she had lost interest in the Nile scheme.

British Warship To Visit Alexandria

LONDON, Sunday (INA). — The cruiser Jamaica, the first British warship to visit Egypt since the evacuation of British troops from the Suez Canal Zone, will pay a six-day courtesy call on Alexandria starting on Tuesday.

5 U.S. Air Cadets Here for Visit

Jerusalem Post Reporter. TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Five crew-cut, smart teenager cadets of the U.S. Civil Air Patrol, who are on a tour of the Middle East, arrived here today on a visit to the U.S. Air Force and Navy bases in Israel.

They are: Joseph Tilius, of Jerusalem, the driver; Baruch Haim, of Ramat Aviv; Moshe Epstein, of Haifa; Yehuda Hershkovitz, of Jerusalem; Moshe Bergman, of the U.S., now staying at Holon; and Rahel and Ezra Hershkovitz, of Turkey, now staying at Ramat Gan.

The injured were taken to Asaf Harofeh hospital in Sarafed by a passing car.

They are: Joseph Tilius, of Jerusalem, the driver; Baruch Haim, of Ramat Aviv; Moshe Epstein, of Haifa; Yehuda Hershkovitz, of Jerusalem; Moshe Bergman, of the U.S., now staying at Holon; and Rahel and Ezra Hershkovitz, of Turkey, now staying at Ramat Gan.

U.N. Chief Said Seeking Broader Accord in Cairo

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuters). — The U.N. Secretary-General Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, saw President Abdul Nasser at the presidency in Cairo today. The meeting, which was attended by Dr. Mahmoud Fawzi, the Foreign Minister, lasted for an hour and 40 minutes.

Seen Tackling Jordan River Plan

Afterwards, Mr. Hammarskjöld told reporters, "I have grave responsibilities in this area and it is only natural that I should see President Abdul Nasser."

Soviets See U.S. 'Dollar' Pressure

Moscow Radio said yesterday that the U.S. by rejecting the Aswan Dam loan hoped to obtain Egypt's submission "through the power of the dollar."

It made no mention of Russian aid, and added that Egypt would continue to struggle against aggressive blocs and for peaceful coexistence.

The broadcast pointed out that the time is past when it is possible to influence Arab states by such methods, which "can only give rise to disgust among the Egyptian people."

In the U.S., "The New York Times" called the decision a turning point in U.S. policy towards the Middle East. It marked the beginning of a policy, the ultimate significance of which can only be guessed, the paper said.

Reviewing the events leading up to the Aswan decision, it added that it became more and more clear to Washington that the time had come to end the "be nice to Nasser" phase of U.S. Middle East policy, and pointed out that the administration is now expected to try a "get tough with Nasser" line.

It also has become obvious that the Egyptian-Czech arms deal involved more than originally thought, perhaps totalling \$250m. instead of \$100m. This means a large "margin" of Egypt's future earnings of foreign exchange had been thought, as well as putting a larger burden on Egyptian economy because of the cost of maintenance of new equipment.

Meanwhile, the London "Observer" said that the Anglo-American action would show the world that the West's approach to economic aid for underdeveloped countries is as flexible and politically motivated as that of Russia — the exact contrary of the impression that the British Government has been trying to convey.

Sir Anthony Eden will open a foreign affairs debate tomorrow in the House of Commons on the Egyptian situation, a strong Conservative approval likely for the Anglo-American action.

'Falastin' Sees Aswan Defeat for Arab Policy

It is now obvious — as it was in 1947 — that both East and West are interested in Israel's continued existence, which means an all-out effort to divert part of the Arab policy, the Old City daily "Falastin" wrote editorially yesterday.

"There is great danger in store for the Arab world and the situation gives cause for pessimism," the editorial warned. For the second time within eight years, the East and West are agreed on the Palestine question... our case has broken down."

In Cairo, the Egyptian Government was still silent yesterday on the Anglo-American refusal to finance the Aswan project. But the mass circulation newspaper "Al Akhbar" termed the decision "a stab in the back."

U.N. Chief Said Seeking Broader Accord in Cairo

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuters). — The U.N. Secretary-General Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, saw President Abdul Nasser at the presidency in Cairo today. The meeting, which was attended by Dr. Mahmoud Fawzi, the Foreign Minister, lasted for an hour and 40 minutes.

Seen Tackling Jordan River Plan

Afterwards, Mr. Hammarskjöld told reporters, "I have grave responsibilities in this area and it is only natural that I should see President Abdul Nasser."

Soviets See U.S. 'Dollar' Pressure

Moscow Radio said yesterday that the U.S. by rejecting the Aswan Dam loan hoped to obtain Egypt's submission "through the power of the dollar."

It made no mention of Russian aid, and added that Egypt would continue to struggle against aggressive blocs and for peaceful coexistence.

The broadcast pointed out that the time is past when it is possible to influence Arab states by such methods, which "can only give rise to disgust among the Egyptian people."

In the U.S., "The New York Times" called the decision a turning point in U.S. policy towards the Middle East. It marked the beginning of a policy, the ultimate significance of which can only be guessed, the paper said.

Reviewing the events leading up to the Aswan decision, it added that it became more and more clear to Washington that the time had come to end the "be nice to Nasser" phase of U.S. Middle East policy, and pointed out that the administration is now expected to try a "get tough with Nasser" line.

It also has become obvious that the Egyptian-Czech arms deal involved more than originally thought, perhaps totalling \$250m. instead of \$100m. This means a large "margin" of Egypt's future earnings of foreign exchange had been thought, as well as putting a larger burden on Egyptian economy because of the cost of maintenance of new equipment.

Meanwhile, the London "Observer" said that the Anglo-American action would show the world that the West's approach to economic aid for underdeveloped countries is as flexible and politically motivated as that of Russia — the exact contrary of the impression that the British Government has been trying to convey.

Sir Anthony Eden will open a foreign affairs debate tomorrow in the House of Commons on the Egyptian situation, a strong Conservative approval likely for the Anglo-American action.

'Falastin' Sees Aswan Defeat for Arab Policy

It is now obvious — as it was in 1947 — that both East and West are interested in Israel's continued existence, which means an all-out effort to divert part of the Arab policy, the Old City daily "Falastin" wrote editorially yesterday.

"There is great danger in store for the Arab world and the situation gives cause for pessimism," the editorial warned. For the second time within eight years, the East and West are agreed on the Palestine question... our case has broken down."

In Cairo, the Egyptian Government was still silent yesterday on the Anglo-American refusal to finance the Aswan project. But the mass circulation newspaper "Al Akhbar" termed the decision "a stab in the back."

U.N. Chief Said Seeking Broader Accord in Cairo

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuters). — The U.N. Secretary-General Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, saw President Abdul Nasser at the presidency in Cairo today. The meeting, which was attended by Dr. Mahmoud Fawzi, the Foreign Minister, lasted for an hour and 40 minutes.

Seen Tackling Jordan River Plan

Afterwards, Mr. Hammarskjöld told reporters, "I have grave responsibilities in this area and it is only natural that I should see President Abdul Nasser."

Soviets See U.S. 'Dollar' Pressure

Moscow Radio said yesterday that the U.S. by rejecting the Aswan Dam loan hoped to obtain Egypt's submission "through the power of the dollar."

It made no mention of Russian aid, and added that Egypt would continue to struggle against aggressive blocs and for peaceful coexistence.

The broadcast pointed out that the time is past when it is possible to influence Arab states by such methods, which "can only give rise to disgust among the Egyptian people."

In the U.S., "The New York Times" called the decision a turning point in U.S. policy towards the Middle East. It marked the beginning of a policy, the ultimate significance of which can only be guessed, the paper said.

Reviewing the events leading up to the Aswan decision, it added that it became more and more clear to Washington that the time had come to end the "be nice to Nasser" phase of U.S. Middle East policy, and pointed out that the administration is now expected to try a "get tough with Nasser" line.

It also has become obvious that the Egyptian-Czech arms deal involved more than originally thought, perhaps totalling \$250m. instead of \$100m. This means a large "margin" of Egypt's future earnings of foreign exchange had been thought, as well as putting a larger burden on Egyptian economy because of the cost of maintenance of new equipment.

Meanwhile, the London "Observer" said that the Anglo-American action would show the world that the West's approach to economic aid for underdeveloped countries is as flexible and politically motivated as that of Russia — the exact contrary of the impression that the British Government has been trying to convey.

Sir Anthony Eden will open a foreign affairs debate tomorrow in the House of Commons on the Egyptian situation, a strong Conservative approval likely for the Anglo-American action.

'Falastin' Sees Aswan Defeat for Arab Policy

It is now obvious — as it was in 1947 — that both East and West are interested in Israel's continued existence, which means an all-out effort to divert part of the Arab policy, the Old City daily "Falastin" wrote editorially yesterday.

"There is great danger in store for the Arab world and the situation gives cause for pessimism," the editorial warned. For the second time within eight years, the East and West are agreed on the Palestine question... our case has broken down."

In Cairo, the Egyptian Government was still silent yesterday on the Anglo-American refusal to finance the Aswan project. But the mass circulation newspaper "Al Akhbar" termed the decision "a stab in the back."

With deep sorrow we announce the sudden passing away of our
Dr. Bruno Werber
We have lost in him a devoted employee and a loyal friend. We wish to express our condolences to the family for their grievous loss.
The Management and Staff of
United Restitution Organization and Milton
TEL AVIV HAIFA JERUSALEM
July 23, 1956

My beloved wife
Ruth Doernberg (née Samson)
has passed away after a serious and prolonged illness at the age of 52.
In the name of the family:
Haim Doernberg
The funeral will take place today, July 23, at 3 p.m. at the Carmel Beach Cemetery, Haifa.

New-Styled Eggs for Luncheon
Hard boil six eggs and cut in thick slices. New mix together 1 bottle sour cream or mayonnaise, 3 eggs, 1 tsp. French Mustard, 1 tsp. chopped onion, pinch of salt. Pour over eggs and serve hot or cold, with rice and french or grilled tomatoes on the side.

Suliam
Soles supple in summer too! Protect your feet from heat. 3 x Stronger
Persons interested should kindly apply to the Secretariat (22 Rehov Montefiore, corner Rehov Yavne), for information and in order to fill in the application forms for admission.
The following documents should be attached to the application form: A certificate of Matriculation or a previous certificate to all for the Matriculation examinations, curriculum vitae and three photographs.
OFFICE HOURS: daily from 10.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. Mondays and Wednesdays, also between 5 and 7 p.m.

Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

Mt. Canaan	22	28	34	40
Tiberias	26	32	38	44
Haifa Port	26	32	38	44
Natania	26	32	38	44
Tel Aviv	26	32	38	44
Lod Airport	26	32	38	44
Jerusalem	26	32	38	44
Beersheva	26	32	38	44
Elat	26	32	38	44

Danger of fire in Israel, especially in mountain areas.

(*) Humidity at 8 p.m. in Jerusalem (mm. of maximum yesterday) (D) Maximum temperature expected today.

ARRIVALS

Judge Charles E. Wyanski, trustee of the Ford Fund, from the United States, to inspect fund activities and to plan future fund investments (By El Al). Mr. A. Wilschick, a director of the "Agri" company, from the business mission abroad; 18 tourists from Bulgaria; Mr. Y. Dagan, Deputy head of the Reparations Delegation in Cologne, for talks with the Minister of Trade (By El Al).

DEPARTURES

Mr. Jon Kimche, Editor of the " Jewish Observer" for Rome after a fortnight's visit. Prof. L. A. Olitzki, head of the Department of Bacteriology at the Hebrew University Hadassah Hospital, for Europe, to participate in the Symposium on Biochemistry of Antibiotics in Milan, and the International Meeting on Immunological Standardization in Rome. The 15-member delegation to the parachutists contest in Moscow.

Mr. S. TAMIR, Mr. Malkiel Greenwald's attorney, today asked the Tel Aviv District Court to order Dr. Israel Kastner to provide more specific answers to the 200 questions which Dr. Kastner answered last week. The questions are part of preliminary procedure in Dr. Kastner's claim against libelous statements by Dr. Greenwald.

A FUND to provide an annual scholarship for a student at the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, established by Mr. and Mrs. A. Rosenbaum of Tel Aviv in the name of their late son, Shmuel Cohen-Rosenbaum.

HALF A KILOGRAM of butter and an equal quantity of cheese from U.S. surplus stocks are to be distributed by Hadassah to each of the 40,000 children in Education Ministry summer camps.

THE MINISTERIAL Economic Committee discussed the water prices of the Mekorot Company yesterday. The Committee also decided that the Ministry of Trade should purchase locally produced sugar at IL500 per ton.

AN EXHIBITION by the Brazilian painter, Portinari, opened at the Tel Aviv Municipal Museum yesterday.

Ceremony for Victims Of Air Disaster

A memorial service for the 38 victims of the El Al disaster in Bulgaria a year ago will be held at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery in Tel Aviv at 5.30 p.m. tomorrow, the first anniversary of the internment of the bodies in a mass grave.

A special bus will leave from Beit Hadas, Tel Aviv, at 3.30 p.m. A memorial meeting for Zahava Shen (Shenbaum), one of the victims and former leading member of the Hebrew World Union, will be held by the Union at Beit Meir, Jerusalem, at 8.30 p.m. today.

Haifa Deputy Mayor Laid to Rest

HAIFA, Sunday. — The first Deputy Mayor of Haifa, Mr. Eliezer Shuf, was laid to rest today in the presence of many who came to pay him their last respects. The coffin arrived from Jerusalem at 3.30 p.m. and was placed in the City Hall where many Haifaites filed past it. Among the funeral guests were the Minister of Transport, Mr. Moshe Carmel, the Minister of the Interior, Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, both of Ashdod, the Mayor of the deceased, Mr. Moshe Kohn, and Mr. Abba Kohn, who eulogized the deceased in front of City Hall.

Funeral of Banker Held in Haifa

HAIFA, Sunday. — The funeral took place today of the late Mr. Theodor Feuchtwanger, manager of the Haifa Branch of the Feuchtwanger Bank. He was 67. Many bankers, businessmen and leading citizens were present, most of them long-time friends of the deceased. The service was managed by the Haifa branch of the Bank, Dr. Asher Bentel eulogized Mr. Feuchtwanger at the graveside. The only son of the deceased said kaddish.

Admits Beating Wife

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — "She is my wife, and I beat her!" Meir Cohen, 30, explained to the police who arrived at his flat in Ramat Gan on Friday to investigate the source of inhuman cries.

The wife, Bertha, was taken to hospital with a suspected fractured skull. Her husband was arrested. (Him)

I (Mrs. Marcus) and MOSHE PICK

take pleasure in announcing the birth of their second son.

The birth will take place at 12 noon, on Thursday, July 26, 1956, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv, July 26, 1956.

This is the only information.

Special Privileges No Incentive For Western Aliya—Harman

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — "Promises of housing, jobs and loans will not bring Jews from Britain to settle in this country," the Chairman of the Information Department of the Jewish Agency Executive, Mr. Avraham Harman, declared.

At the conference of the Hachadut Olet Britannia (British Immigrants Association) here today, he sharply criticized the tendency of the Jewish Agency to offer special privileges to Western immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Mr. Harman said that it was absurd to think that Israel would be the perfect host for them and that the purpose of the Jewish Agency was to help them in their struggle to survive in the State and the Zionist Movement before 1948 must be renewed so that the whole purpose for which Israel was created should not be lost among the day-to-day problems faced by new and even veteran immigrants.

Tel Aviv Approves New Sewage Plan

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — A sewage scheme which will have three main lines was approved by the Municipal Council tonight by the votes of the Coalition and the Progressive Party representative with the members of the Opposition parties abstaining.

The approved scheme follows the lines laid down by Deputy Mayor S. Shoshani several weeks ago when he brought to the Council an abbreviated sewage scheme, which provides for a pipeline along the Yarkon River, another entering for the waste that runs into the Nahal Ayalon Odfur and a third that will take the accumulation of some of the city's sewage 600 metres into the sea opposite Jaffa.

Mr. Shoshani explained that the Pitha Tikva, Bat Yam and Holon authorities were not included in the "Five-Town" scheme because they had other possibilities of getting rid of their waste. There was reason to hope that the line along the Yarkon River would be completed by the summer, he said, and the whole of the scheme in less than three years.

The Government had realized that the problem was not only that of Tel Aviv because of the plan to use some of the waste for fertilizer, and it had allocated IL4,000,000 for the scheme during the past three years.

Prior to the business-like session, Mayor Haim Levonson, who recently returned from a U.S.A. tour of Latin America, brought greetings from the Jewish communities there "with a special message from the Jewish school children and Yiddish students to the Tel Aviv children that they hope one day to be their fellow-citizens."

The Tel Aviv impresario, Mrs. Sonia Zylberstein, told the Council that she was negotiating bringing Laurence Olivier, Vivien Leigh, Jean "Satchmo" Armstrong, Louis Barrault and Marjorie Monro to this country. Already she has brought Dame Sybil Thorndike, Sir Lewis Casson and Yehuda Oliva for performances here.

Martha Kitt was persuaded to visit Israel by Mrs. Zylberstein's son, a London banker, who wired his mother: "Have a good time, and don't forget to spend her holiday in Israel (she will stay at the Accadia Grand Hotel) and combine it with appearances."

Sinatra's Pianist Miss Kitt will give her premiere at the Zitraton in Ramat Gan on August 22, and stay until August 28. She will give two performances on August 26, 27 and 28. Her pianist, Sandy Gold, formerly accompanist to the late Frank Sinatra, is now in Stockholm, from where she will come here.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

New Home for Orphans in J'lem

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Over 200 orphaned girls aged six to 14, have moved into the large modern quarters of the newly built General Israel Orphan Home for Girls in Jerusalem's Kiryat Moab quarter.

The T-shaped stone structure was built at a cost of IL1.2 million, a pressing conference in Jerusalem was told yesterday. The official dedication ceremony will be held at five o'clock this afternoon in the presence of Cabinet Members, the Chief Rabbi, the Mayor of Jerusalem, and representatives of the Consulate General.

Built on a 14-dunam area, the Home includes an elementary school, workshops, a synagogue, canteen, an infirmary, a library and a playground. It is financed by the U.S. who contributed \$200,000, the Home's New York office, which raised \$250,000 and the Board of Deputies.

The Government had realized that the problem was not only that of Tel Aviv because of the plan to use some of the waste for fertilizer, and it had allocated IL4,000,000 for the scheme during the past three years.

Prior to the business-like session, Mayor Haim Levonson, who recently returned from a U.S.A. tour of Latin America, brought greetings from the Jewish communities there "with a special message from the Jewish school children and Yiddish students to the Tel Aviv children that they hope one day to be their fellow-citizens."

The Tel Aviv impresario, Mrs. Sonia Zylberstein, told the Council that she was negotiating bringing Laurence Olivier, Vivien Leigh, Jean "Satchmo" Armstrong, Louis Barrault and Marjorie Monro to this country. Already she has brought Dame Sybil Thorndike, Sir Lewis Casson and Yehuda Oliva for performances here.

Martha Kitt was persuaded to visit Israel by Mrs. Zylberstein's son, a London banker, who wired his mother: "Have a good time, and don't forget to spend her holiday in Israel (she will stay at the Accadia Grand Hotel) and combine it with appearances."

Sinatra's Pianist Miss Kitt will give her premiere at the Zitraton in Ramat Gan on August 22, and stay until August 28. She will give two performances on August 26, 27 and 28. Her pianist, Sandy Gold, formerly accompanist to the late Frank Sinatra, is now in Stockholm, from where she will come here.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances. The Zitraton will get a face-lifting for these appearances.

Chamber Theatre's Standard Lauded

By MYRIAM ROSEN

(Cable to The Jerusalem Post) PARIS, Sunday. — "There is no dramatic group in France today the standard of which can be compared to that of the Chamber Theatre," M. Julien, the organizer of the Dramatic Festival, said here, after the enthusiastic reception of the two plays, "He Walked in the Fields" and "The Good Soul of Seuchuan," which the Chamber Theatre has presented here.

The theatre was packed for the playing of "The Good Soul of Seuchuan," which was vigorously applauded. Nearly all the Paris newspapers published long columns in praise of the production. Orna Porath and Moshe Hurgel were especially singled out for their outstanding performances.

Many expressed their disappointment at not being given the opportunity to see the original Israeli play, "M. Julien said that no play had aroused so much enthusiasm as "He Walked in the Fields" in the three years in Paris. The Chamber Theatre's last location was the Alliance building on the lower part of Jaffa Road. Some 30 per cent of the girls go eventually to religious institutions, the press was told. Vocational and secondary school studies are provided on the premises.

Present at the press conference yesterday were Mrs. Sadie Danziger, President of the Home's Brooklyn Auxiliary; Mrs. Dora Silverstein, President of the Philadelphia Auxiliary; Mrs. Elizabeth Eitelman, representing other U.S. chapters and Mrs. Ray Cohen, Treasurer of the Philadelphia Auxiliary.

At a modest party given in honour of members of the Theatre, Mr. Y. Tsar, the Israeli Ambassador to France, spoke of the pride which the Theatre's success had aroused among French Jewry, and the performance's part in the forming of closer cultural relations between Israel and France.

The Chamber Theatre has rented the Sarah Bernhardt theatre for four nights after the conclusion of the festival. Judging by the success so far the investment should prove profitable.

Prof. Mead, who has been the guest of the Ministry of Health, said that immigrants of different complexions and cultural backgrounds were accepted on the basis of being Jews. The danger of Orientals looking down on Orientals, however, still existed.

The anthropologist stated that the dilemma was of "absorbing immigrants fast enough to make a dignified life for them without robbing them of their national individuality."

"No country to date has solved the problem of how to make a dignified life for immigrants," Prof. Mead said. "Perhaps Israel will be the first one to succeed."

Prof. Mead behaved behind 16-year-old daughter, Katherine, who intends to go to an Upsala for four months and then enter a secondary school in Jerusalem for a year.

Children's Art To Be Sent to Japan Israel will take part in the third International Exhibition of Children's Drawings to be held in Japan at the end of this year under the auspices of the Japanese Council for UNESCO.

The material for the Israel collection has been gathered from the work of elementary school children, and will be sent to Japan in September.

ILIM. Of Hapayis Funds for Schools The management of Mifal Hapayis has decided to allocate IL1m. of its funds to build schools.

A similar amount was also given for this purpose last year and was distributed in various parts of the country. The grants are in addition to the usual funds earmarked for the building of hospitals.

The management also announced today that "far-reaching changes" were to be made in the plan of its lotteries.

AWARD FOR MALBEN The annual award for outstanding achievement in social welfare, given by the Social Service Division of the United Jewish Appeal, was presented to Malben at a dinner meeting held recently in the S.S. Zion in New York City.

This award was given in recognition of Malben's work in the rehabilitation of the sick, handicapped and aged immigrants. It was presented by J. Donald Kingsley, the Executive Director of the Welfare and Health Council and former director of IRO.

SOCCER TEAM BACK LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday. — "We never deluded ourselves that the Israel Soccer team would beat the Russians, but it fought, hard and came out with honour," Judge Y. Lamm, President of the Israel Football Association, who accompanied the team, said on its arrival today.

Registration for the 1956-57 academic year at the School of Surveyors, Holon, continues.

Course of study: two years. Only 25 students will be admitted. Requirements: Matriculation Certificate.

Students without Matriculation Certificate will be accepted for unrestricted work.

Matriculated students of the School of Surveyors, who successfully complete the course of study and pass the examination will receive the title "Qualified Surveyor."

Thousands of Pilgrims To Elijah's Cave Seek Cure

By YACOV FRIDLER

HAIFA, Sunday. — Over 30,000 persons from all over the country, the great majority of them of the Sephardi community, made the traditional pilgrimage to Elijah's Cave on the slopes of Mt. Carmel today, the Day of Consolation, which is the first day after the Sabbath of Consolation.

The pilgrims included many aged men and women, crippled babies in arms, paralyzed invalids and mentally ill, who came to the cave of the "Prophet of Consolation," to benefit from the miraculous cure that tradition attributes to a pilgrimage on this day.

The sleep slope leading up to the cave, overlooking the sea just outside western Haifa, was covered all day with colourfully-dressed pilgrims, as thousands struggled up-hill on this particularly hot khamisa day. They generously distributed alms to the dozens of beggars by the side of the path. All along the route the pilgrims burst into spontaneous whooping, hand-clapping, singing and dancing as they neared the hallowed cave. Many of them brought oriental musical instruments, mainly sheep-skin drums which they beat energetically in their climb.

One stout woman in a purple dress, performed an ecstatic belly dance as she reached the cave, while a crowd of women formed around her and clapped their hands in unison.

Inside the small dark cave, thousands of lighted candles and the densely-packed crowd combined to raise the temperature to a level that would have been unbearable on an ordinary occasion. Nevertheless, the ecstatic pilgrims swayed in prayer, treating the prophet's aid to ease their troubles.

Many women kissed the walls or knelt on the floor and wept in sincere prayer. As the pilgrims came out, the comparative cold of the khamisa air set many shivering. Many persons took a dip in the sea.

This evening, Dr. S. Cahane, Director-General of the Ministry for Religious Affairs, led a ceremony of bringing a Scroll of the Law from the Heroes of Israel Synagogue in Hadar to the cave. The members of this synagogue are bereaved parents whose sons fell in the war. The scroll was brought here from Algiers and was presented to the Synagogue by the Ministry.

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded in 1922, The Jerusalem Post is the only daily newspaper published in Jerusalem. It is owned and published by The Jerusalem Post Limited, a company incorporated in Israel.

Founder: GERSHON AGNON
Managing Editor: TED R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management: JERUSALEM: 9 Bab el Wad, P.O. Box 115, Tel. 451/2. JERUSALEM: 1 Bab el Wad, P.O. Box 115, Tel. 451/2. JERUSALEM: 1 Bab el Wad, P.O. Box 115, Tel. 451/2.

Monday, July 23, 1966
Av 15, 2716 - 2716/15, 1715

YESTERDAY'S shooting incidents, to the west of Jerusalem, only point up the bitter disappointment which followed the third of Mr. Hammarskjöld's visits to the Middle East. In the three months which followed his talks in April, when Jordan solemnly promised that there would be no further acts of violence and no more illegal crossing of the frontier, Jordan piled up over 100 incidents that were the subject of complaints by Israel to the Mixed Armistice Commission. Many of these complaints, it will be recalled, were of a serious nature.

It was this situation, together with the fact that Israel had indicated with good cause that she had begun to lose faith in the efficacy of the M.A.C. as an instrument for preventing murder-raids by Jordan into her territory, that undoubtedly caused Mr. Hammarskjöld to change his plans and visit Jordan this week-end on his way from Israel to Egypt.

In Cairo, too, Mr. Hammarskjöld will have plenty to see and say. He will have to take up the case of the Greek vessel, Panagiotis, which has been held up for weeks on its way from Haifa with a cargo of cement for Egypt. He will be faced with a situation whereby Egypt has acted in flagrant violation both of the Suez Canal Convention and the Security Council's order of September 1951. The Panagiotis is not only 57 m.p.h. to a 11 c of Egypt's past interference with Israel shipping, but seems to indicate a more serious interference with the freedom of passage through the Canal.

Under circumstances of this kind it is hard to believe that Mr. Hammarskjöld can be very confident of moving the Arab countries towards better relations with Israel. In so far as they are moving at all, they seem to be moving in the opposite direction. This at any rate, is the impression one gains from the militant speeches of their leaders, as well as from their disregard of the Armistice Agreements or to the evident desire of the rest of the world for peace in the Middle East. It is not yet known how Mr. Hammarskjöld has summed up his third visit to the area, nor how much he looks forward to his fourth; but the Arab attitude has not been very encouraging, and it would be unwise to look forward to future developments with any excess of optimism.

The record of the Arab states shows that they pay scant regard either to their obligations under the Armistice Agreements or to the evident desire of the rest of the world for peace in the Middle East. It is not yet known how Mr. Hammarskjöld has summed up his third visit to the area, nor how much he looks forward to his fourth; but the Arab attitude has not been very encouraging, and it would be unwise to look forward to future developments with any excess of optimism.

Knesset Starts Final Week

The Knesset today enters its final week before the summer recess. It is expected that there will be four days of sessions this week instead of the usual three.

On the agenda for today is a Bill authorizing the Minister of Finance to fix a maximum interest rate. The enabling act authorizing municipalities to forbid pig-raising and the sale of pork will also be taken up today if time permits.

The Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee will meet at 11 o'clock this morning, with the participation of Foreign Minister Golda Myerson and the Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, Mr. W. Eytan. Another meeting of the committee, this one dealing with legislation, will be held tomorrow with the participation of Prime Minister Ben-Gurion.

TALKS WITH NEHRU

World Torn by Interests, Not Ideas

Differences Between U.S. and U.S.S.R. Can Be Overcome by Good Relations

"In the final analysis, all foreign policy concerns itself chiefly with the national interest of the country concerned," Prime Minister Nehru told Dr. Michael Brecher of McGill University in a recorded conversation. His candid comments on India's domestic and foreign policies as well as on world issues, reproduced verbatim in serial form, will be published exclusively in Israel.

The questions of Dr. Brecher, who is engaged in writing a comprehensive political biography of Pandit Nehru and had the benefit of three days of intimate conversation with him, appear in small type.

For many years, Mr. Prime Minister, students of world affairs have debated the question of the relative importance of ideological and political considerations in the motivation of the foreign policy of states. As one of the most prominent practitioners of the art of diplomacy in this country, what would you consider an important part in the decision-making process with regard to foreign policy? Is it considerations of power or material factors or is it, rather, ideological urges?

Ideological urges obviously play some part, though not so much the ideological urges of the individual. But, if they become part of the common thinking of the people, then they play an important part — especially in a democracy, because, unless the common people have those urges, they are not reflected in their representatives in Parliament; and no policy can go very far if it is quite divorced from the people's thinking. However, in the final analysis, foreign policy concerns itself chiefly with the national interest of the country concerned.

National interest can be seen in two ways, that is, rather narrow national interest, temporary national interest — and most people see it that way — or a long-term view of national interest, which may well lead one to the conclusion that a country's national interests are served, let us say, by peace in the world, or by friendship with other nations, or by the well-being of neighbouring countries. So it becomes an intelligent long-term interest.

Enlightened self-interest? Enlightened self-interest. But obviously in a democracy no government can take any step which is patently, from the point of view of public opinion, against National Interest.

If one applies this to the relations between the United States and the Soviet Union during the past decade, does it suggest that if the Soviet Union possessed institutions and an ideology comparable to those of the United States and the West generally, the more fact that would itself constitute a significant source of conflict or friction?

I think that the conflict in the past few years has been essentially due to political reasons, not Communist or anti-Communist, the main reason being two Great Powers whose National Interests appear to come into conflict. And, therefore, they do not like each other, or are apprehensive of each other, have no faith, and so on and so forth.

Of course, behind that are like and dislike of policies. But, let us take a country like Yugoslavia. It is a communist country but there is no difficulty in non-communist countries getting along with Yugoslavia; it is not Communism that came in the way. Therefore, it is essentially a conflict on the political plane that separates countries although other means may be used.

Another French version of a Peter Cheney novel, "Venus Pigeon" (Armon, Haifa), plunges at once into stolen plans, kidnapped inventor, night-club girls and Lemmy Caution (played more convincingly by Eddie Constantine). After the gang leader is murdered, the ensuing, crossing and double-crossing maintains the movement but purposeful tension has been weakened.

Constantine, who is also the maker of the film, understates that the Cheyenne mixture of crime and sex is "glossy." You have this note in the clean-cut black and white of the Roman and Turin in the luxury of modern furnished flats, where crime is conducted — and, what is most important, in the retention of the happy conversation, even in translation. Glossiness is the escapism of the mid-20th century and "Venus Pigeon" is certainly typical.

At the Cinema

There is nothing improbable in the story of "Hilda Crane" (Amphitheatre, Haifa), which treats marriage as seen by all parties concerned, including respective mothers, emphasized by a necessary theatrical symbolism of the theme. Aumont as the lover from the heroine's student days is capable in a stock role. Guy Madison as the husband, though seen only through his script than his own performance.

Thus we reach the wife. I cannot remember having Jean Simmons do better. She acts with a nervous intensity which never oversteps the natural; particularly in the office conversations with her mother or the men. The deceptive nonchalance reminds one a little of Bette Davis but it is less strained. "Hilda Crane" is a competently produced film on a serious subject.

Fin-de-Siècle

"FRENCH CANON" (Eton, Jem) is a masterly blend of impressionist colour and

World Torn by Interests, Not Ideas

Differences Between U.S. and U.S.S.R. Can Be Overcome by Good Relations

"In the final analysis, all foreign policy concerns itself chiefly with the national interest of the country concerned," Prime Minister Nehru told Dr. Michael Brecher of McGill University in a recorded conversation. His candid comments on India's domestic and foreign policies as well as on world issues, reproduced verbatim in serial form, will be published exclusively in Israel.

The questions of Dr. Brecher, who is engaged in writing a comprehensive political biography of Pandit Nehru and had the benefit of three days of intimate conversation with him, appear in small type.

For many years, Mr. Prime Minister, students of world affairs have debated the question of the relative importance of ideological and political considerations in the motivation of the foreign policy of states. As one of the most prominent practitioners of the art of diplomacy in this country, what would you consider an important part in the decision-making process with regard to foreign policy? Is it considerations of power or material factors or is it, rather, ideological urges?

Ideological urges obviously play some part, though not so much the ideological urges of the individual. But, if they become part of the common thinking of the people, then they play an important part — especially in a democracy, because, unless the common people have those urges, they are not reflected in their representatives in Parliament; and no policy can go very far if it is quite divorced from the people's thinking. However, in the final analysis, foreign policy concerns itself chiefly with the national interest of the country concerned.

National interest can be seen in two ways, that is, rather narrow national interest, temporary national interest — and most people see it that way — or a long-term view of national interest, which may well lead one to the conclusion that a country's national interests are served, let us say, by peace in the world, or by friendship with other nations, or by the well-being of neighbouring countries. So it becomes an intelligent long-term interest.

Enlightened self-interest? Enlightened self-interest. But obviously in a democracy no government can take any step which is patently, from the point of view of public opinion, against National Interest.

If one applies this to the relations between the United States and the Soviet Union during the past decade, does it suggest that if the Soviet Union possessed institutions and an ideology comparable to those of the United States and the West generally, the more fact that would itself constitute a significant source of conflict or friction?

I think that the conflict in the past few years has been essentially due to political reasons, not Communist or anti-Communist, the main reason being two Great Powers whose National Interests appear to come into conflict. And, therefore, they do not like each other, or are apprehensive of each other, have no faith, and so on and so forth.

Of course, behind that are like and dislike of policies. But, let us take a country like Yugoslavia. It is a communist country but there is no difficulty in non-communist countries getting along with Yugoslavia; it is not Communism that came in the way. Therefore, it is essentially a conflict on the political plane that separates countries although other means may be used.

Another French version of a Peter Cheney novel, "Venus Pigeon" (Armon, Haifa), plunges at once into stolen plans, kidnapped inventor, night-club girls and Lemmy Caution (played more convincingly by Eddie Constantine). After the gang leader is murdered, the ensuing, crossing and double-crossing maintains the movement but purposeful tension has been weakened.

Constantine, who is also the maker of the film, understates that the Cheyenne mixture of crime and sex is "glossy." You have this note in the clean-cut black and white of the Roman and Turin in the luxury of modern furnished flats, where crime is conducted — and, what is most important, in the retention of the happy conversation, even in translation. Glossiness is the escapism of the mid-20th century and "Venus Pigeon" is certainly typical.

At the Cinema

There is nothing improbable in the story of "Hilda Crane" (Amphitheatre, Haifa), which treats marriage as seen by all parties concerned, including respective mothers, emphasized by a necessary theatrical symbolism of the theme. Aumont as the lover from the heroine's student days is capable in a stock role. Guy Madison as the husband, though seen only through his script than his own performance.

Thus we reach the wife. I cannot remember having Jean Simmons do better. She acts with a nervous intensity which never oversteps the natural; particularly in the office conversations with her mother or the men. The deceptive nonchalance reminds one a little of Bette Davis but it is less strained. "Hilda Crane" is a competently produced film on a serious subject.

Fin-de-Siècle

"FRENCH CANON" (Eton, Jem) is a masterly blend of impressionist colour and

Readers' Letters

QUAKERS IN GAZA

Editor, The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — In an article "American Friends Service Committee" in the Jerusalem Post of July 15, the writer erroneously states that the Quakers had been thrown out of the Gaza Strip — for obvious reasons.

The American Friends Service Committee was asked by the Emergency Relief for Refugees after the war of 1948 until a more permanent set-up could be organized by the U.N. Under this arrangement the Service Committee organized relief programmes in Gaza and in Gailies. When the present relief organization, UNRWA, was ready to take over the long-term relief, the Service Committee withdrew, as per prior plan.

It might also be interesting for readers to know that the village responsible for the destruction of our project in Jordan, have since approached the Service Committee to enable them to offer to rebuild the buildings and terraces destroyed by our project there. This offer was accepted and the reconstruction is now taking place.

Yours, etc.
WILLIAM W. CHANNEL
Field Director,
A.F.S.C., Israel.
Acre, July 19.

END-OF-SEASON SALES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — We should like to point out that great harm is being done to our economy by end-of-season sales held at the peak of the season, as the goods in the middle of the season and our producers therefore find themselves curtailed or suspended production harmful to the economy in general and to the Treasury in particular.

In a country where many things are regulated by law, the authorities concerned should see to it that end-of-season sales are really held at the end of the season. At present, retailers are faced with ever-increasing demands of all sorts of government and municipal taxes, without government protection for adequate profits and fair trade practices.

Yours, etc.
D.J. SHALEM LIMITED
Jerusalem, July 13.

REPORTING

Editor, The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — As a reader of The Jerusalem Post, I should like to express my appreciation for the fine full report in your paper of the Israel-Russia football match. I hope the return match will get equally genuine treatment.

On the other hand, I think that your reporting of sports (especially local sports) is very good, though short. I am sure your good should do a great deal towards having Israel's sports appreciated and in addition to giving your readers a lighter interest beyond labour disputes, politics, etc., by reporting more fully the many sporting events that take place every weekend.

Yours, etc.
S. BEN NAHUM
Haifa, July 14.

Sir, — The very detailed report of the Genia Yatam case in your newspaper — much more than that in "Davar" for instance, which is quite elaborate to be somewhat astonishing.

It should be borne in mind that The Jerusalem Post is ahead, and the report of all the details of the case may cast a false light on problems of kibbutz life. As The Post is not in need of sensationalism for its public, it should restrain itself in reporting the Yatam case and leave the ultimate details to eventual independent discussion in the kibbutz movements.

Yours, etc.
M. NOACH
Sha'afa, July 15.

AUCTION OF ESTATE

The complete furnishings of a villa will be offered for sale by order of the Administrator of a well known manufacturer. By its consent, valuable furniture, art objects from a diplomat's and other households, will also be offered for sale. The auction will be held

at the villa, 48 Rehov Balfour, Tel Aviv, near Rothschild Blvd., on Tuesday, July 24, 1966, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4-5 p.m.

All objects put up for auction can be inspected at the villa, 48 Rehov Balfour, Tel Aviv, Mon., July 23, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

This auction will include the most beautiful style furniture, particularly fine and valuable art objects, and a number of original paintings — both antique and modern. Objects will be sold at any acceptable offer disregarding their actual value.

The list of objects includes: Complete furniture suites, odd pieces of furniture (classic and modern) including splendid living room sofas and arm chairs; bedroom (Regency style), dining room (Italian Chippendale style), morocco leather armchair set, English mahogany furniture, corner-couch with brocade bedspread, large valuable bookcase and long glassy glassware, antique Westinghouse kitchen range, silver and glass, General Electric refrigerator, Persian carpets of excellent quality, original paintings of old and modern masters, valuable objects of art, porcelain, silverware, bronzes objects and many others.

AUCTION MANAGEMENT
A. GRUENPETER ART DEALER AND AUCTIONEER
142 Rothschild Blvd., Tel Aviv, Tel. 5796.
The Telephone number at 48 Rehov Balfour is: 3309.

Yesterday's Press

The U.S. and Egypt

AMERICA'S announcement that it will not assist in the construction of the Aswan Dam, which has been a party) is a political event of the first magnitude and while the reason advanced for the step is economic, it may be taken for granted that the U.S. doubts as to Egypt's international position have helped it arrive at her decision.

There is nothing new to prevent Nasser from seeking a military pact with Russia, a step which the West may have taken into consideration, deciding that it was worth the risk.

The failure of the West's appeasement policy has now been admitted for all to hear, but not before the Egyptian dictator gave Moscow a foothold in the Middle East. Now the only way to neutralize the region is to let the Soviets assist in the programme, failing which the Americans will have to strengthen the Baghdad Pact, wipe out Egyptian influence in Syria and water down Cairo's military advantage by steadily supplying Israel with arms.

Habeshe (General Zionist) points out in particular that Egypt's "neutrality," which permits her to enjoy the bounty of both East and West at one and the same time, has piled up for her enormous and dangerous stores of arms. The Czech arms dealer, Hasek (World Mitrail), has deprived Cairo of the opportunity to set aside the large quantities of arms which are in the construction of the Dam in the next three or four years. But there is also clear information that Cairo desires to broaden that arms deal, perhaps has done so already, and so the decision of the West not to contribute to the Dam construction is a heavy blow to the Egyptian dictator, who counted so much on Western aid.

Pointing out that America's decision sharply alters Nasser's position in his country, Omer (Histadrut) warns that he may seek to divert opinion from his setback. The only possible direction in which he can do so is towards Israel. While he may not consider his army up to open warfare against Israel, there are all prospects of his stepping up his border and defence activity. Israel should lose no time in informing him that she will react, especially now that Mr. Hammarskjöld is in Cairo.

According to K. Menahem in Davar (Histadrut), on the other hand, domestic conditions in Egypt give ground for hope that the Cairo Junta will learn a lesson from the West's latest move, will narrow down its broad political front and prefer a constructive policy to one of pan-Arab and pan-Islam aggressiveness.

Lamovsky (Ahdut Ha'avoda) asserts that Tito and Nehru, in renewing at Brioni their support for the Banat negotiations, must know that they are not bringing peace to the Middle East but only adding fuel to the fire.

Must Not Appear
The reasons for the Arab aggressiveness, writes Al Hamekhar (Mapam), are their unwillingness to recognize the Jewish state, their hatred of Israel and the belief that they can alter her boundaries. And it was the West's wooing them that really strengthened them. Mr. Hammarskjöld, who seems to have come here to go a step beyond the ceasefire arrangement, should know that there can be no peace unless both sides are prevailed upon to get together and talk it out. But the Arabs will not do so as long as they are convinced that the powers will exert pressure on Israel to obtain concessions from the Arabs. The Secretary General should know that any hint dropped to the Arabs of prospects of obtaining far-reaching concessions from Israel will only make the prospects of peace more remote.

PEN FRIEND
R.C. CHERRY, a resident of Greenleaf, Holland would like to correspond with a girl or boy from Israel.

1863 families throughout Israel are happy users of FREE Hot Water because they have installed a MIROMIT Sun Water-Heater on the roofs of their homes.

Now is the time to install a MIROMIT Sun Water-Heater. It will pay for itself in a short time through savings in electricity. For details and descriptive literature apply to:

Miromit
ASHKELOH METAL PRODUCTS
108 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv
Tel. 2194

Popular Savings Scheme

The Workers Bank Ltd. and Kupot Mivve Vehasheon
Shel Ha'Ordin Ltd.

hereby announce the beginning of the Popular Savings Scheme which offers three types of savings

Advantages of the Popular Savings Scheme are:
a. An accumulated interest of 6% per annum.
b. The possibility (according to Plan A or B) of transferring to securities linked to the Cost of Living Index or the Dollar.
c. Life Insurance valued at 150% of the first amount saved, without the saver paying any additional amounts.
d. Interest is Income Tax free.
e. The account may be discontinued before the end of the term fixed, but advance notice must be given.

Payments of IL5 to IL20 may be made. The saver may also make an additional yearly payment of a sum equal to the year's total.

How the Popular Savings Scheme works:

SAVINGS PLAN A

15 consecutive monthly payments of:	Receives 5 years after the savings period	Additional one-time payment	Receives 5 years after the savings period
IL 5	IL 25	IL 50	IL 150
10	166	120	338
50	820	600	1,680

SAVINGS PLAN B

50 consecutive monthly payments of:	Receives after 5 years	Additional one-time payment (5 years)	Receives after 5 years
IL 5	IL 350	IL 80	IL 710
10	700	120	1,420
50	3,500	600	7,100

SAVINGS PLAN C

Those saving monthly	Receives after 5 years	Life insurance without any additional payment in the amount of:
IL 15	1,000	1,500
7,500	500	750

The branches of The Workers Bank Ltd. and Kupot Mivve Shel Ha'Ordin are at your service.

WORKERS BANK LTD.
and the Audit Union of Credit Cooperative Society Ltd.

10,000 IS THE FINAL HAPAYIS GRAD PRIZE